Gulf of the Farallones NMS Program Areas Matrix

GULF OF THE FARALLONES NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY				
Issue	Education & Outreach	Research & Monitoring	Resource Management/Policy	Notes
Administration • Develop increased operational efficiency and program consistency • Expand infrastructure to support program development • Increase exposure through the expansion of field offices	Hold bi-annual education workshop with CB (c)	 Continue bi-annual research workshop with CB (c) Continue to support creation of science lab Complete site characterization: habitat characterization, species inventory 	 Evaluate need for and benefits of boundary adjustment between GF and MB Establish handicap accessible meeting area and oil spill processing facility Continue developing SAC's advisory role in resource management issues Hire a policy/permit analyst Hire Estuarine Specialist Hire Information Technology Specialist (c) Hire full time bio-tech vessel captain Better coordinate comanagement among sanctuaries Establish visitors centers and field offices at Pt. Reyes, Bodega Bay, Half Moon Bay Evaluate need for and benefits of boundary expansion to the north and west (specifically to prevent new oil drilling)) 	

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Issue	Education & Outreach	Research & Monitoring	Resource Management/Policy	Notes
Ecosystem Protection • Direct research, monitoring, and	Continue Coastal Ecosystem High School Program: includes Teacher workshop, curriculum on coastal ecosystem, and a	 Complete site characterization: habitat characterization, species inventory Expand Ecosystem 	Evaluate need for and benefits of boundary adjustment between GFNMS and MBNMS (also see admin)	
regulatory efforts to help protect biodiversity and provide support for making resource	student monitoring program (supported by restoration funds) • Develop exhibits and signs	Dynamics Study monitoring to year round. EDS is an assessment of physical and biological	 Continue involvement in MLPA Process Maintain current permit ability to control potentially 	
management decisions • Evaluate boundary alternatives by investigating ecological linkages between	on Sanctuary habitat for resident and migratory species. Use existing space at Pt. Reyes and California Academy of Sciences (and	features of the Gulf of Farallones ecosystem, with emphasis on distribution and abundance of krill, marine mammals, and	harmful activities in the Sanctuary Continue participation in restoration projects for seabirds	
GFNMS and areas to the north, south, and west • Develop a plan to address new and emerging issues	 any other facilities) (c) Expand docent program to address wildlife disturbances Hold education 	 seabirds (c) Continue intertidal monitoring to assess change over time Continue Beach Watch: a 	 Continue participation in restoring a Common Murre breeding colony Continue participation in restoring previously filled 	
 Direct restoration efforts towards increasing ecosystem protection Evaluate how to address 	symposium jointly with research symposium every other year, with Cordell Bank (c)	long-term volunteer beach monitoring project aimed at early detection of human or natural disturbances	habitat (Bolinas Lagoon and Tomales Bay) Continue information exchange with other Federal	
impacts from fishing activitiesDevelop process for identifying and addressing new and	 Continue participation in West Coast Student Monitoring Network (minigrant) (c) Establish visitors centers 	• Update 1980s GIS on bathymetry, sediments, seabird and marine mammals of GF (Bonnell and Ford, early 1990s) (c)	agencies on fisheries and endangered species in Sanctuary (NMFS, USFWS, EPA, USGS) • Maintain existing Long Term	
emerging issues	and exhibits at Bodega Bay and Half Moon Bay Maintain Common Murre	and Ford, early 1990s) (c)Support expansion of CODAR system around Gulf (radar system	Management Strategy Dredge Dispoal Plan- no disposal allowed	

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Issue	Education & Outreach	Research & Monitoring	Resource Management/Policy	Notes
Ecosystem Protection (Continued)	restoration exhibits at Crissy Field Visitors Center, Pacifica Establish Resource Protection Education (RPE): outreach targeting user groups on GFNMS regulations, guidelines and best management practices for resource users (work with GFNMS partners such as NOAA special agents on interpretive enforcement) (c) Expand Teacher at Sea Expand and focus lecture series to include biodiversity protection themes and issues Develop seabird web- based live uplink and kiosk components	mapping surface currents) (partner with OSPR,BML, NPS) • Establish long-term coordinated water quality program focused on estuaries • GF should provide support for seabird colony aerial surveys and database maintenance throughout CA (c) • Assess the effectiveness of docent/ outreach programs that address wildlife disturbance	 Continue to participate on Advisory Committees, Technical Committees, Trustee Councils, and Area Committees Participate in SF National Estuarine Research Reserve Advisory Council Obtain adequate research support Evaluate need for and benefits of boundary expansion to the north and west (specifically to prevent new oil drilling) (also see admin) Increase compliance of regulations through interpretive enforcement and/or writing tickets. (Team Ocean Model) Include harbor and marina education 	

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GULF OF THE FARALLONES NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY				
Issue	Education & Outreach	Research & Monitoring	Resource Management/Policy	Notes
 Exotic/Invasive Species Identify pathways of introduction Identify and monitor already introduced species Develop response and removal strategies Develop coordinated effort to prevent future introductions 	 Develop and distribute materials to public to identify and report exotic species Work with NOS, ports, and vessel traffic to develop wide-scale education of maritime shipping industry and public on introductions and pathways 	 Inventory locations where invasive species have been introduced Develop monitoring program (volunteers) to detect invasive species Identify pathways of introduction 	 Participate in interagency taskforce to develop agreement on prevention, detection, response, mitigation, and restoration Work with state and USGS on ballast management 	
Fishing Activities Define Sanctuaries' role in fisheries management Impacts from krill harvesting to biomass, primary productivity, and trophic disruptions Benthic habitat impacts from fishing gear Evaluate sanctuaries' need for marine reserves	Continue Sustainable Seafood Coalition. It educates public and industry on sustainable fishing practices	 Expand use of ROVs to visually assess gear presence in Sanctuary habitats (part of habitat characterization) Work cooperatively with NMFS where possible on determining key species Standardize ROV and DELTA protocols between sanctuaries and enter data into GIS 	 Work closely with commercial and sport fishermen to evaluate fishery issues as they arise (PCFFA, IFR) Continue involvement in MLPA process Develop policy on sanctuaries' role in fisheries management based on biodiversity and ecosystem protection 	

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GULF OF THE FARALLONES NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY				
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Mariculture • Assess impacts from	Develop education program on introduction and identification of invasive species		 Propose regulatory action, if deemed appropriate Participate on Exotic Species Task Force 	
discharges, seabed disturbances, and exotic species • Assess impacts from extirpation of habitat strata from the	Educate user groups on best management practices (see also Exotic/Invasive Species)		Train staff on regulation status and authority over mariculture activities	
ecosystem as a whole Radioactive Waste	Coordinate better distribution of USGS publication (Beyond the)	Use information from limited exploratory testing of substrates and ground	Create taskforce following completion of research to address radioactive waste;	
 Complete investigation into status of waste site Determine potential impacts to marine life and humans. Develop and distribute informational public outreach materials 	 Golden Gate) Educate public on current status of site and work being done. Hold educational workshop to educate media and public, bring together experts Work with a SAC working group to educate public 	fish in radioactive dumpsites Continue to co-lead interagency taskforce Develop cooperative research and monitoring effort plan with existing working group	contract white paper, develop interagency plans to fill data gaps, communicate outcome to public	

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	GULF OF THE FARALI	ONES NATIONAL MARINE S	SANCTUARY	
Issue	Education & Outreach	Research & Monitoring	Resource Management/Policy	Notes
Vessel Traffic • Evaluate TSS lanes • Address vessel impacts; including discharge (ballast exchange, oil spill potential, noise, and air emissions), vessel strikes	 Get GF on all nautical charts (c) Continue Tidebook distribution listing tide levels and regulations Educate industry vessel operators (particularly cruise lines) Establish Resource Protection Education targeting user groups (RPE) (see RPE under Ecosystem Protection) (c) 		 Work with MMBS, IMO and USGS to re-evaluate recommended traffic lanes Maintain regulation prohibiting oil tankers, barges, cargo vessels within 2 nm of Farallon Islands, Bolinas Lagoon, and ASBS (Areas of Special Biological Significance) Enforce regulation prohibiting discharge into Sanctuary 	
 Water Quality GFNMS is vulnerable to offshore and land-based pollution including livestock grazing, agricultural runoff, improperly treated effluent, dumping, and mercury from abandoned mines Estuaries are particularly sensitive habitats and need protection from water pollution Develop regulatory/ 	Continue to fund NPS' Adopt-a-Beach Program (Ocean Beach clean ups) Use radio, TV, and other multimedia in coordination with local and state Water Quality Agencies as outreach tools to inform public of human impacts on water quality Develop estuary volunteer monitoring, possibly with local high schools Work with agriculture industry on best management practices	 Establish long-term coordinated water quality program on estuaries Continue to assist CA State Dept of Health monitoring harmful algal blooms and biotoxins Continue to locate sources of oil pollution from sunken vessels Work w/ Status & Trends to evaluate persistent organic pollutants and heavy metals Acquire better understanding of currents and circulatory patterns and integrate into GIS (c) 	 Participate in interagency projects, data exchange, and encouragement of better management practices Partner with CA Coastal Commission and other state and federal agencies in coordinating their water quality programs, specifically on coastal areas that impact the Sanctuary 	

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administrative path with other agencies to address water quality impacts quickly		Using Sea Watch, carry out at-sea, year-round water quality monitoring		
 Wildlife Disturbance Minimize impacts from observing and interacting with wildlife, including: flushing birds from their nests, disturbing pinnipeds and trampling tide pools Evaluate the use of regulatory and non-regulatory actions to address wildlife disturbance 	 Continue volunteer education and monitoring programs (SEALS and Beach Watch) (See Ecosystem Protection and Water Quality) Maintain Duxbury Reef kiosk on tidepool ecology & wildlife viewing guidelines Expand exhibits on Watchable Wildlife and disturbance issues to high visitation sites such as Bolinas Lagoon. Establish Resource Protection Education (see RPE in Biodiversity Protection) (c) Expand lecture series to include wildlife disturbance as a topic 	 Evaluate need for additional disturbance reduction programs Sanctuary participate in NOS and NMFS efforts to evaluate the effects of noise pollution on wildlife distribution and behavior 	 Enforce prohibition banning use of personal watercraft Enforce prohibition on all oil and gas development Enforce prohibition on discharging or depositing any materials into the sanctuary Enforce prohibition on altering the seabed Develop regulations to address wildlife interaction (other than marine mammals, i.e. white sharks) 	

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